

Раздел 1 (Чтение)

Установите соответствие между заголовками А-Е и текстами 1-5. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую букву только один раз. В задании один заголовок лишний.

- A. The problems of driving
- B. The island capital
- C. Eating out in America
- D. Traffic in the city
- E. Business centre
- F. Cultural capital

1. Everyone knows something about New York - the Statue of Liberty, the skyscrapers, the beautiful shops on Fifth Avenue, and many theatres of Broadway. This is America's cultural capital, and her biggest city, with a population of nearly eight million. In summer it is hot and in winter it can be very cold, but there are hundreds of things to do and see all the year round.
2. There are five parts in New York: Brooklyn, the Bronx, Manhattan, Queens and Richmond. Only one of them, the Bronx, is not on an island. Manhattan, the smallest island in New York is the real centre of the city. When people say 'New York City' they usually mean Manhattan. Most of the interesting shops, buildings and museums are here, and Manhattan is the scene of New York's busy night life.
3. Wall Street in Manhattan is the financial heart of the USA and the most important banking centre in the world. It is a street of skyscrapers. Five million people work here every day.
4. Like every big city, New York has its own traffic system. Traffic jams can be terrible, and it's usually quickest to go by subway. It goes to almost every corner of Manhattan. But be careful at night, it's better not to go by subway. There are more than 30000 taxis in New York. They are easy to see, because they are bright yellow.
5. If you really have to drive in New York, remember that nearly all the east- west streets and most of the north-south streets are one way only. This can be difficult for the visitor who doesn't know his way. Try to get a map that shows the directions of the traffic, and good luck!

1	2	3	4	5

Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски в предложениях 1-6, одним из трех предложенных вариантов ответа. Занесите свои ответы в таблицу.

Pizza has a long history. The ancient Greeks first had the idea of putting vegetables on large flat pieces of bread. Later pizza ovens were found in the ruins of Roman cities.

But for centuries one important ingredient was missing – tomatoes. They were brought to Europe only in the 16th century from South America. In the 19th century Rafaele Esposito, a baker from Naples, began to sell the first modern pizzas. He was asked to bake a special pizza for the Italian King and Queen in 1889, and so the first pizza Margarita, named after the Queen, was created.

Pizza became a favourite dish in Italy. But only after the Second World War, when thousands of

American soldiers went home from Europe, it really became an international dish. Soon there were pizzerias all over the USA, and American networks like “Pizza Hut”, was opened around the world. Today the average American eats over 10 kilograms of pizza a year. The world's largest pizza (measuring 30 metres! across) was baked not in Italy but in Cuba!

1. Raffaele Esposito ... the first modern pizzas.
a. sell b. is selling c. sold
2. Pizza really became an international dish ...
a. after Second World War b. in the 19th century c. in 1889.
3. The first pizza Margarita was created for ...
a. the Italian King and Queen. b. American soldiers. c. tourists.
4. The first modern pizzas were baked in ...
a. Milan b. Naples c. Rome
5. The first tomatoes were brought to Europe from ...
a. Australia. b. South America. c. Asia
6. The world's largest pizza ... 30 metres across.
a. be b. were c. was

1	2	3	4	5	6

Прочитайте текст и выполните задания, обозначенные цифрами 1-6. В каждом задании обведите букву А, В, С или D соответствующую выбранному Вами варианту ответа.

Teenagers have their own TV channels, websites and magazines. So what about books?

Last year one publisher, Martins, started publishing a series called *Waves*. We spoke to the director Julia Smith. She explained, ‘Teenage fiction has been published since the 1970s but publishers have never been particularly successful in getting teenagers to buy and read books. Now they're realising that teenagers aren't just older children but they're not adults either and often aren't interested in adult fiction. For this series we're looking for new writers who write especially for teenagers.’

Athene Gorr's novel was published in the series last year and is selling well. Its title is *The Purple Ring*. She says, ‘The important thing is to persuade teenagers to pick up your book. I'm a new writer so, although I've got an unusual name which people might remember, nobody knows it yet! But my book has a fantastic cover which makes people want to look inside. Then they realise what a brilliant story it is!’

And what do teenagers themselves think about the series? We talked to Sophie Clarke, aged 15. She said, ‘I've read a few books in the *Waves* series. They say they're for 14-19 year olds and I agree with that. We're not interested in the same things as people in their twenties and thirties. I like them and I think they look really good too. The only thing is that because bookshops put them in the children's section, lots of teenagers won't find them so they may not do very well. And it's a shame there's no non-fiction in the series as I think lots of teenagers, especially boys, might buy that.’

1. The writer is trying to ...
A. persuade authors to write more teenage fiction.
B. explain why teenage fiction is easier to write than adult fiction.
C. give information about a new series of books.
D. compare different series of teenage fiction.

2. Julia Smith says publishers ...
 - A. have a great success in selling teenage fiction.
 - B. are very popular by teenagers.
 - C. have never sold successfully teenage fiction.
 - D. sell a lot of teenage fiction.
3. Julia Smith says publishers now recognise that teenagers ...
 - A. can enjoy the same kind of stories as adults.
 - B. are neither children nor adults.
 - C. grow up more quickly nowadays.
 - D. are more interested in reading nowadays.
4. Athene Gorr thinks teenagers were attracted to her book because of ...
 - A. her name.
 - B. the story.
 - C. its title.
 - D. its cover.
5. According to Sophie Clarke's opinion about the books in the *Waves* series ...
 - A. they shouldn't be kept with children's books.
 - B. she would prefer to read adult fiction.
 - C. a lot of teenagers will buy them.
 - D. she is keen on the design.
6. Sophie Clarke believes that ...
 - A. teenagers are not keen on non-fiction.
 - B. boys might buy non-fiction more often than girls.
 - C. non-fiction won't be very popular.
 - D. she will write non-fiction for the *Waves* series.

1	2	3	4	5	6

Раздел 2 (лексико-грамматический тест)

1. Прочитайте предложения с пропусками и выберите правильный вариант ответа из трех предложенных. Обведите букву выбранного вами варианта ответа.

1. I ... learn the French language.
a) am not b) don't c) isn't
2. ... anyone ... this car? No, it's free, you can take it.
a) Do ... use b) Are ... using c) Is ... using
3. I ... this sandwich. I'm not hungry.
a) Don't want b) have moved c) doesn't want
4. I ... the dishes before mum came back from her work.
a) washed b) was washing c) had washed
5. ... it ... raining yet?
a) Has ... stopped b) Had ... stopped c) Did ... stop
6. ... Tom ... home when you saw him?
a) Has ... gone b) Did ... go c) Was ... going

7. James ... a new car last month.
a) bought b) has bought c) had bought
8. This house is one of ... in the street.
a) higher b) the highest c) as high
9. Let's go by train. It's much
a) cheap b) cheaper c) the cheapest
10. He was one of the ... criminals in the country.
a) dangerous b) more dangerous c) most dangerous
11. I heard a noise. There is ... in the cupboard.
a) anything b) nothing c) something
12. I want to go ... on holidays. I think I'll go to Italy.
a) nowhere b) anywhere c) somewhere
13. Are there ... biscuits in the cupboard?
a) any b) some c) no

2. Прочитайте приведенный ниже текст с пропусками и выберите правильный вариант ответа из трех предложенных. Обведите букву выбранного вами варианта ответа.

The Aral Sea

The Aral Sea is one of the most ancient lakes on Earth, with a history of 3,500 years. It was also the fourth 1) _____ lake in the world until the late 1950s.

It 2) _____ now. The sea has dropped by 16 metres and the water has become too salty. There are now three million hectares of land 3) _____ were once covered by water. The climate has been affected and changed this land into desert.

The Amu Darya and Syr Darya rivers feed the Aral Sea. They travel 4) _____ Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan, Uzbekistan and Turkmenistan. In the 1920s new irrigation 5) _____ were introduced and larger-scale cotton cultivation was begun. Water from the rivers was diverted for agricultural and population needs.

Until the 1950s, between 50 and 60 cubic kilometres of water 6) _____ the Aral Sea each year. Since the 1960s the Aral Sea has lost almost 75 per cent of its volume, and has shrunk to 50 per cent of its size. In some dry years in the 1980s no water flowed 7) _____ the sea at all. The water 8) _____ over-salty and lost most of 9) _____ natural plant and animal life. The low quality of water has caused many diseases.

Annually thousands of tons of dust, sand and salt are taken into the atmosphere from the deserted floor of the Aral Sea and some of the particles are found as far away as Canada.

National Geographic summed up the situation best by saying: 'It 10) _____ never _____ within the time frame of a single generation, the disappearance of such a large body of water.'

1.	a) huge	b) largest	c) highest
2.	a) is dying	b) dies	c) died
3.	a) who	b) what	c) which
4.	a) between	b) near	c) through
5.	a) technologies	b) technic	c) technological
6.	a) was reaching	b) reached	c) reaches

7.	a) on	b) into	c) to
8.	a) became	b) becomes	c) has become
9.	a) its	b) his	c) her
10.	a) has happened	b) is happened	c) have happened

Раздел 3 (Письмо)

Обратите внимание на необходимость соблюдения указанного объема текста. Тексты недостаточного объема, а также часть текста, превышающая требуемый объем, не оцениваются.

Ты получил письмо от Эмили, твоей подруги по переписке, которая пишет....

You have received a letter from your English-speaking pen-friend who writes...

...We moved to a new house a few weeks ago and I changed school. At first I was a bit afraid but I made new friends sooner than I expected. The teachers are nice and everything seems to be working out well. And what about you? Have you many friends in your school? Do you enjoy studying there? Have you got any new subjects this year?

I've got to go now! It's time for my music lesson. Drop me a line when you can.

Lots of love,

Emily

Write a letter to Emily.

In your letter

- answer her questions and tell her about your school
- ask 3 questions about her preferences in music

Напишите Эмили ответ, согласно правилам написания письма другу. Объем высказывания 80-100 слов. В своем письме:

- ответьте на вопросы Эмили;
- задайте ей 3 вопроса, какую музыку она предпочитает слушать.

Answers (ответы)

Reading (34 балла)

1 задание (5 заданий по 2 балла, всего 10 баллов)

1	2	3	4	5	лишний
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F	B	E	D	A	F
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2 задание (6 заданий по 2 балла, всего 12 баллов)

1	2	3	4	5	6
C	A	A	B	B	C

3 задание (6 заданий по 2 балла, всего 12 баллов)

1	2	3	4	5	6
C	C	B	D	A	B

Лексико-грамматический тест (36 балла)

1. 13 заданий по 2 балла за каждый верный ответ, всего 26 баллов

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
B	C	A	C	A	C	A	B	B	C	B	C	A

2. 10 заданий по 1 баллу за каждый верный ответ, всего 10 баллов

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
B	A	C	C	A	B	B	C	A	A

Writing (30 баллов)

содержание – 10 баллов

лексика – 5 баллов

грамматика – 5 баллов

организация – 10 баллов